Corruptions and Revolution. It is a very imperfect idea of the political philosophy of this paper which views its logic as simply leading to despair-to a wall, as it were, where there is a balt in a condition the nature of which we cannot conceive. Corruption, fraud, wrong, and oppression lead to revolution, and revolution generally brings a better condition of things. The process is terrible. The people must pass through an ordeal more or less trying. But great public evils and their authors become so conspicuous that they illuminate the course of public resentment and give a concentrated and effective force to public re-

That there is in this country the finest combination of Caucasian families for the production of power and endurance, we are satisfied. The ruling type of men on this continent cannot be conquered and overrun. It will survive and rise to the highest scale yet attained by man on this globe. No man, however, will undertake to deny that from causes peculiar to this country-its rapidly-made fortunes, its wonderful national growth and prosperity, its temptations and its rich leads to corruption-there has been a rapidity of growth in public dishonesty, social extravagance, corruption, and luxuriousness, unprecedented in this world.

These things, all reflecting men know, lead to political dishonesty, and therefore political instability. Nothing endures but justice. Law and custom have been subordinated to party and personal ambition, and States and peoples have suffered from the perversion of the power of the Government to the purposes of the vindictiveness and resentments of party and for the aggrandizement of individuals. All this we see, and we know that when these things become unendurable, in the providential laws there are provided ways for men to relieve themselves-to throw off one or a hundred tyrants-and institute new forms and put in position new men to carry them out.

It is but just to this country to say that it has made unparalleled progress in all that is evil. It beats all nations in this respect. We have said that there may be recuperative energy in the country to enable it to stand up yet powerfully as a fair republic and institute the reforms necessary to save it from a radical change of its political system. We even hope this much; but we confess that this is hoping against the lessons of history. It is in all human probability only in the rigid and summary power of arbitrary rule that it is possible to maintain that order and personal security and right that are necessary to the peace and progress of a civilized people. Nearly all the examples yet afforded by the world are against what is triumphantly called "self-govern-

Assuredly this nation is affording a multiplicity of arguments in behalf of the necessity of a different kind of political administration of public affairs. If the nation can by its own manhood, independence, and honesty put down political dishonesty and banish official infidelity, happy indeed will be the land. But if it does not show this power it will be proof that it does not possess it, or that its social elements are too dis-We confess that we feel in our inmost

heart an irrepressible longing for a government that shall be good all over-or bad all over. We need not say how infinitely we prefer the former to the latter, but indeed we would prefer even the latter to a land half persecuted and half favored-half the people regarded as the proper victims of punishment, and half as the legitimate recipients of favors and perquisites, with the liberty to plunder the public treasure and fatten on all the media of public expenditure and dis-

For a young nation we have proved unexampled aptitude for acquisition by sharpness, fraud, and unsurpassed activity. If the rapid speed we are making upon the railway of profligacy does not wind up in a grand revolutionary smash, we shall be saved as by a miracle. Providence is too impartial, too vigilant, and ever-operative, to neglect this nation so far as to make it an exception to the logical consequences of its own vices. It has got to pass through an ordeal-as through fire-and we have the faith that it will be improved and yet become the most remarkable nation for its achievements and powers that has ever been known.

The National Curse.

The fanatical and beastly partisan amendment ejected into the Constitution after the war vi et armis, is bringing upon the mation curses. In the recent case decided by the Supreme Court the nation appears to be without the power of self-protection from extraordinary importations of inferior races menacing society with uncommon evils. California endeavors to step the importation of multitudes of Chinese women for lewd purposes, and the Supreme Court decides that the measure is in conflict with the Constitution because there is no power to interdict the importation of Chinese, the Constitution prohibiting all discriminations as to race, color, &c.

The Californians must find some other and only fourteen senators present at 10 mode of remedying the great evil they complain of. At present they are threatened with the worst of moral and physical evils. however, the motion was withdrawn. Leprosy may become a familiar malady in that part of the republic, and the amendment that protects the evil thus far is, as it were, introduced by way of inneculation into the Constitution itself.

The nation has deprived itself of the power of the most important of all the rights of to pay a tax upon the capital employed in self-protection would be to keep out of this such trade or business." land, now the heritage of the highest type lowing vote: Judge Chase say one day that he himself would be willing to incorporate wood. 18 Constitution of the const into the Constitution a clause prohibiting the Chinese from the right to vote. Being asked on what ground, he replied "Because they are pagans.22 Certainly in the matter of dealers, &c., was postponed until to-morreligion there was no great battle-field as row. between African and Chinese; but the Judge assumed a ground in conflict with the Constitution itself, which proclaims that no man shall suffer in his political rights on account of his political opinions. Moreover, Judge CHASE was utterly ignoring the great principle of "manhood suffrage" which his aboli- ayes, 13; noes, 14. flon party had planted itself upon.

The truth is, Judge Chass spoke from an innate sense of aversion to the inferior races; being on insisting on or receding from the which he knew in his great mind were unfit sense amendments, the House having disagreed to the all-rail connection proposed by the Senate. The truth is, Judge CHASS spoke from an

the master race of which he was a member.

The highest duty of the Caucasian is to maintain that superiority which God by dowed him with. In no sense should he allow that race to be corrupted in blood or attentify where it is possible to prevent it.

The Senate.

Mr. Eugenn hoped the Senate would in The Senate would in The Senate insisted upon its amendments—aves, 31; noss, 5.

The Dawier select for a committee of constituting where it is possible to prevent it.

However, Mr. Eugenn hoped the Senate would in
The Senate.

Mr. Eugenn hoped the Senate would in
The Senate would in
The Dawier select for a committee of con
ference. Agreed to.

House bill to incorporate the Finel Hos-

The supremacy was awarded him in the plial, with Senate amendmends, was taken Divine dispensation, and we cannot imagine that so great a gift had not its purpose. Nor can we for a moment suppose that its improper use or abuse—the parting with it for any corrupt purpose—the gratification of a sordid and, still worse, a malicious purpose—can fail to be followed by a retribution commensurate with the treachery to the Divine will.

Public and Private Interests.

There is a form of conflict of public with private and corporate interes's that is doing a great deal to injure the public interests and also to impair the sense of public duty amongst the representatives selected by the people to take care of their interests. It has grown to be a great evil because gentlemen have begun to regard it as conventional and proper for them to stand up in the public councils as representatives of the people while they sustain relations to corporations incompatible with the faithful performance of their public duties-rendering it impossible for them to give a fair, candid, and impartial opinion upon many questions which they are called upon to consider.

We but speak the truth. The mere statement here made will cause a blush to flush not a few cheeks. And we are glad to think so; for, thank God, the men of Virginia are not so deeply steeped in indifference to honor as not to feel the slightest departure from it, or even the suspicion of departure from it, mantling their cheeks with the tinge of regret or indignation.

We have long thought that the law should have an eye to this source of faithlessness, and we think every community in choosing their representatives ought to think often before trusting their interests to men who hold agencies or lucrative appointments from corporate or other sorts of power wielding a bias in the State. Prima facie it has come to this, that nearly all corporate authority is alien to popular rights-ever seeking favor and increased power to set at nought public opinion. The known representatives of these powers-those who have camped and messed with them, luxuriated on their luxuries, and liberally disbursed their liberalitystand in the people's councils, and side with

the powers that are against them. In this way we know that the welfare and the rights of the Commonwealth have since the war been basely betrayed. We tell the people that they cannot be too cautious against this prolific source of public injury and public corruption.

Fish Culture.

The report of the New Jersey fish commissioners is one of the most triumphant evidences of the beneficial results of the cultivation of the fish and the protection of them from the destructive means for their capture that have beretofore so diminished the stocks of the rivers as almost to entirely depopulate many of them. The rivers of New Jersey are, most of them, short and inconsiderable. She is bounded by the Delaware on the west it is true; but that is not peculiarly hers. The States of New Jersey and Penrsylvania are cooperating in replenishing the stocks of fish in that river. But the rivers of New Jersey are so replenished that crowds of sports. Ohio railroad. No through freight by unmen in the open season are finding in them broken gauge shall be transported by the reat cripyment. Even railroads are beginning to count the passenger-money from fishermen as an important new source of the State. No person interested in the railroad revenue. The salmon, the trout, the chub, company shall within fifteen years take any and other fish are being bred in great quantities at the State hatching-house at Troutdale.

arouse Virginia. We trust the Legislature it shall not be foreclosed within fifteen years will find time to pass some measure to help from the organization of the company, &c. along the cause. We see that the House of Delegates summarily dismissed the bill against "pound-nets" upon the motion of General Tallaferro, who represents the was advocated by Messrs. Johnston and mouths of great rivers, and therefore the gates through which the fish pass in their way from sea towards the in- the company to borrow money without limit land population. We know not enough and to make mortgages to secure the same. of the subject to give an opinion about it; but we well remember what SETH GREEN, the veteran fish culturist and angler, said about them. He represented them as fishdestroyers-as cutting off the people on the upper valleys of the rivers-the fresh-water people-from supplies of fish. He is an energetic, "cussing" man, and he "blessed" pound-nets.

But it is too late to talk about the subject. Let us hope the Legislature will pass the bill originating in the Senate, and help along the cause, which is one of the most popular ever set on foot.

REPEALING THE RESUMPTION ACT .- The vote on Mr. ATKINS'S bill to repeal the resumption act was, yeas 109, pays 108-not two thirds; so it failed. Messrs. Cabell, Douglas, Goode, Harris.

HUNTON, TERRY, TUCKER, and WALKER, voted aye. Mr. STOWELL voted no. Well done for Virginia. Our representa-

tives all voted aright. STOWELL is not a Virginian. Only eleven Rads voted aye.

General Assembly of Virginia.

TUESDAY, March 21, 1876. SENATE.

Lieutenant-Governor THOMAS in the chair. No prayer. There being nothing on the calendar, no committee reports, no bills to be introduced.

o'clock, Mr. GREEVER moved that the chair be vacated until 11. At the suggestion of Mr. QUESENBERRY.

THE TAX-BILL.

At 10:15 the Senate, a quorum being present, proceeded to the consideration of the tax-bill, which was read by sections.

Mr. CLARK moved to amend the 28th section, in the seventeen line, in relation to the tax on merchants, by adding: "Provided to protect itself against an injudicious im- that persons dealing in grain, flour, or unportation of any of the inferior races. One manufactured tobacco shall only be required

The amendment was agreed to by the fol-

Wood—16. NOES.—Messra. Beasley, Claughton, Duffield, Eu-book, Herndon, Lathrop, Lawson, Newberry, Que-senberry, Sinclair, Tanner, and Wortham.—12. The sections in relation to tax on liquor-

The Senate had reached the fifty-eighth section, when Mr. EUBANE moved to lay the tex-bill on the table to order to take up the Clifton Porge bill (communicated to the

Senate by Mr. Doorsy with non-concurrence

of House in Senate substitute). Agreed

Mr. Heamon moved to adjourn. Lost-

THE CLIFTON PORGE BILL.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES. The House met at 10 o'clock A. M. PUT ON THE CALENDAR.

following Senate bills were placed on the calendar: On motion of Mr. MATTHEW, incorporate the town of Lovettsville, Loudoun county; on motion of Mr. Jos-DAN, to authorize supervisors of Isle of Wight to build a bridge across Jones's creek, leadlug from Smithfield to Smith's Neck; on motion of Mr. GORDON, to establish a separate election precinct in Northampton county; on motion of Mr. Massey, to incorporate the Virginia Baptist Historical Society, and to amend Code, &c., as to condemnation of lands for roads.

REPORTED PROM COMMITTEE. Senate bill to amend the Code in relation to the manner of making James river and the James River and Kanawha canal in Amberst a lawful fence so as to include Nelson. SPECIAL FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Senate joint resolution to appoint a special committee on finance and taxation, to sit during the recess, without pay, was committed to the Committee on Finance, on motion of Mr. Edmunds. VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE.

Mr. LEECH offered the following, which vas adopted : Resolved by the House of Delegates (the

Senate concurring). That his Excellency the Governor of Virginia be requested to transmit to each of our senators and representatives in Congress the memorial of the Board of Visitors of the Virginia Military Institute to the Congress of the United States; which memorial accompanies this resolution. SITE FOR A NEW CENTRAL ASYLUM.

Senate joint resolutions to appoint a special committee to select a site for a new Central Lunatic Asylum came up on the motion of Mr. BAGWELL to reconsider the vote by which the resolutions were rejected. The matter was discussed until the expiration of the morning hour. PRESENTED AND REPERRED.

By Mr. Cognill: Bill to amend the act to

punish unlawful dealing in pig-iron and rallroad iron by irresponsible persons. By Mr. CLAY: Petition of Brooklyn Grange, Halifax county, for a law to protect sheep in said county.

By Mr. RONALD: Resolution as to what legislation is necessary to secure to the employes of internal improvement companies a priority of lien upon the franchises of such companies for work and labor.

EXTENSION OF JAMES BIVER AND KANAWHA CANAL.

House bill to extend the James River and Kanawha canal to Clifton Forge, with Senate amendment providing for a connection by railroad from Buchanan to Clifton Forge, was taken up on motion of Mr. Johnston. On motion of Mr. A. I. CLARKE, Lynchburg, in addition to Norfolk and Petersburg, was excepted from the cities authorized to subscribe to the capital stock of the railroad company.

Mr. Hubard moved to amend by providing that none of the stock or bonds of the company shall be owned by any person not a citizen of Virginia or West Virginia, nor any corporation outside of Virginia, except the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company; and that upon any attempt to transfer any such stocks or bonds to any person or corporation so forbidden to own them they shall be forfeited to the State. On the extension of the road to Lynchbarg its gauge shall conform to that of the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohlo railroad from Lynchburg to Norfolk, and of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, unless it be extended to Richmond on the present gauge of the Chesapeake and road over the Valley railroad or the Midland may be so transported to any point within step to foreclose any of the mortgages on the James River and Kanawha Canal Company; and no mortgage upon the railroad shall be The examples of other States ought to made but upon the express stipulation that

> It was rejected-ayes, 39; noes, 59. The Senate amendment was opposed by Messrs. Hubard, Morris of Lynchburg. Dooley, STUART, and SMITH of Fauquier. It

> Mr. STUART moved to strike out the sixth section of the Senate amendment, authorizing This was opposed by Messrs. Johnston and others, but was finally agreed to, and Mr. Johnston offered another section providing that to equip its road the company may

> borrow money not to exceed three fourths of the amount of capital stock subscribed. Mr. STUART moved that this new section te ameaded so as to provide that any mortgage made to secure the morey so borrowed shall not be foreclosed within ten years from

its date. Rejested. The section was then adopted. The Senate amendment as amended being then put upon its engrossment and third reading, it was rejected by 44 ares to 57 nces

Mr. Dooley moved to reconsider, which

was refused. COMPENSATION OF COUNTY TREASURERS. House bill No. 20, to amend an act prescribing the duties, & .. , of certain county officers, &c., reported from committee with

a substitute, was taken up as a special order. After some discussion, Mr. Powell, of

Franklin, moved to lay the whole subject on the table. Rejected by 28 ayes to 64 noes. Various amendments were rejected, and finally the House substitute was adopted and ordered to engrossment.

It allows the treasurer for receiving and disbursing the county levy five per cent. on the amount not in excess of \$10,000, except the treasurer of the county of Rockbridge, whose compensation shall be fixed by the supervisors; and upon the residue of said levies the supervisors of each county shall fix the compensation, not exceeding five per cent., except in the county of Rockbridge, where it shall be three per cent. Every treasurer and collector, for receiving and paying over the revenue, receive on amounts of \$10,000 and less five per cent.; over \$10,000 and under \$30,000, two per cent.; over \$30,000 and under \$50,000, one and one half per cent.: Provided, That upon all State taxes and county levies collected by him after the 1st of December he shall receive four per cent, in addition to the regular commission provided for in the act, and that upon poll-tax collected after December 1, and paid over before June 15, he shall receive an additional compensation of fifteen per cent. Any treasurer or collector may elect to be compensated under this act or the existing law; but he shall not receive compensation either in whole or in part under both systems.

On motion of Mr. MATHEW Senate bills were taken up, and Senate bill to incorporate the town of Lovettsville, Loudoun county, was passed. On motion of Mr. MATHEW the chair was vacated at 2:50 P. M.

Night Session. Senate bill to incorporate the Milton and

itherlin Narrow-Gauge Railroad Company was ordered to engrossment. House bill to smend the charter of the city of Richmond as to assessments of property for city taxes, and providing for appeals therefrom, was ordered to engrossment.

House bill for the reduction of the pay of officers and employe; of the Government fifteen per cent. in all departments was dismissed, on motion of Mr. James, by 54 ayes Mr. Marnew moved to reconsider; which was refused

Senate bill to incorporate the West Point Senate bill to incorporate the West Point and Peninsula Narrow-Gauge Railroad Company was passed, with House amendment.

The following other bills were passed:
Senate bill for the relief of John Enders, of Lee county, from a fine of thirty dollars, with an amendment.
Senate bill, with amendment, in relation to allowances to physicians in diffminal case. Senate bill to amend the Code in relation to the measurement of mandres.

flenate bill to amend the road-law, with Senate bill to amend the Code in relation to commissioners of accounts [suthorizing the appointment of three additional ones in counties and cities of over 20,000 inhabit-

Adjourced at 10 P. M. on motion of Mr. HOENNIGEE.

THE CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION .- The Conservative State Executive Committee of Virginia has issued a call for a State Convention to assemble in Richmond on the 31st of May for the purpose of electing delegates to the National Democratic Convention at St. Louis. Presidential electors also will be chosen by the Convention. It is strange that the Conservative Executive Committee of Virginia has not yet been able to determine upon a just system of represensation in State conventions. The present call says there shall be two delegates from each magisterial district in the counties, and one delegate from each voting preciset in the cities. Under this arrangement Norfolk county, having six magisterial districts, will send twelve delegates, while Portsmouth, with a larger Conservative voting population, will be entitled to only four. Norfolk will be entitled to eight for the reason that the whites and blacks in each ward vote in separate boxes, which may be construed as separate voting precincts. But the system is radically defective which gives the thirteen hundred voters of Norfolk county the same number of votes in the Convention which are given to the thirty-seven bundred votes of Portsmouth and Norfolk. If viewed in the light of population the disproportion is equally glaring. The population of Norfolk county is about 16,000, while that of Portsmouth and Norfolk will reach 33,000. The same objection will hold good to other counties, As a general thing a ward in the cities contains more people than a township in the counties. In the city of Richmond three of the wards have each four voting precincis, and the other three have three each, making twentyone delegates from that city to the convention. The population of Richmond is four times that of Norfolk county or Southampton, yet it is given oyly nine more delegates. Representation in our State, conventions should be in proportion to population. There is no other fair basis. It is not right to let one thousand people out-vote five thousand. The newspapers of the State have frequently uiged this matter upon the attention of the committee, but they either do not read the papers or don't know how to make an even apportionment of delegates, for we will not accuse them of an intention to do wrong purposely .- Portsmouth Enterprise. The representation ought to be according

to population. And we hope for better things under a new committee.]

DEATHS. Died, March 19, 1876, Mrs. SARAH A. FOR-LOINE, at the residence of her con-in-law, D. A. Brown, Sr., Clay between Fifth and Sixth streets,

her seventieth year. My flesh shall slumber in the ground Till the last trumpet's joyful sound. Then burst the chalos with sweet surprise And in my Saviour's image rise. D. A. B.

Died, at the residence of his grandfather, Christopher Brown. 106 east Broad street, JAMES UUSSELL, infant son of Charles C. and Samuella Brown; agod five month and nineteen days. Safe in the arms of Jesus, Safe on His gentle breast; There by his love o'ershado wed, Sweetly my soul shall rest.

His funeral will take place TO-DAY from the bouse at 4 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are

MEETINGS.

K NIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—The members of JEFFERSON LODGE, so. 23. K. of P., will attend a stated convention of their Lodge, at their Castle Hall, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, the 22d instant at 7% o'clock. By order of the Chancellor Commander.

J. B. VAUGHAN,
mh 22-11*

K. of R. and S.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE GINIA will be held at the company's office on THURSDAY, March 23, 1876, at 8 o'clock P. M. mh 8-td E. T. BROOKE, Secretary.

LECTURES. TECTURE.

REV. C. F. DEEMS, D. D., pastor of the Church of the Strangers, of New York

CHURCH THURSDAY, MARCH 28, at 8 o'clock P. M. Subject: "BEFORE MARRIAGE AND AFTER." Admission, 50c. Tickets to be had at the book-mh 22-2t

AMUSEMENTS.

A SSEMBLY HALL.

Three nights only, commencing THURSDAY, ARNOLD, THE GREAT AFRICAN WIZARD, in his wonderful feats of Legerdemain.

100 VALUABLE PRESENTS GIVEN AWAY
EACH NIGHT. Matinee SATURDAY at 2 P. M. Every child in attendance receives a present. Admission to all parts of the house, 25 cents.

Evening—Doors open at 7; commence at 8. Admission, 50 cents; children and gallery, 25 cents, To avoid the rush tickets can be had on THURSDAY from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. mb 22-2t*

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL.—Being informed that certain parties have been begging money for the purpose of burying my husband, William Mirchell. I take this method of pronouncing their whole course a vile fraud. No one has been requested or authorized to do any such thing, and my husband was buried last Friday. I have said this much to prevent imposition in the future.

mh 22.1t* LIZZIE MITCHELL (colored).

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

NEW GOODS.

I have just received my SPRING STOCK OF GOODS,

BRONERS, FINE CABINET SETS, PARISIAN NOV-BLTIBS, PLATED GOODS, TABLE CUTLERY, &c. with a full assortment of House-Furnishing Articles generally. Also, a fa'l line of WHITE CHINA and STAPLE GOODS, which I am offering at very low figures. A sall is respectfully solicited. E. B. TAYLOR, 1011 Main street.

DARGAINS AT R. HARROLD'S HOUSE
BEAUTHUR ST RE, 817 BROAD STREET.
Beautiful decorated/Chamber Sets at \$6. A large
assortment of Tin Toilet Sets, China, Glassware
Lamps, &c., at reduced prices. I have the larges
stock of Children's Carriages in the city. Mods.
awarded at the State Fair, 1875, for the best carriages. mh 8-5m TAMES W. GIBSON

(successor to Kellegs & Gibeon

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN AND HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS

NO. 1907 WAIN STREET, RICHMOND VA.

COURT ORDERS. TAMES M. TRICE VS. SAUNDERS

AND ALS IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF THE CITY OF MICH [Extract from Secree of February 24, 1876.] Extract from decree of February 24, 1876.]

By said decree one of the commissioners is required by the court is take the following accounts and make following inquiries—to wit:

1. An account showing what estate Thomas B. Sainders is possessed of and estitled to under the will of David J. Saunders, deceased, or otherwise, showing its nature and description.

2. An account of all liens on the real estate of Thomas B. Saunders, by judgment, deed of trust, or otherwise, showing the amounts, priorities, and the real estate of Thomas B. Baunders, and showing whether the reputs issues and profits therefor will satisfy the plaintiff's debts in five years.

4. An inquiry showing how a fund may be raised sufficient to satisfy the plaintiff's and any other liens there may be on the estate of Thomas B. Saunders, with as little prejudice as pessible to the

flean there, with as little prejudice as possible to the right of those who are entitled in remainder to said estate; which said accounts and inquiries the said commissioner will take and report to the could, with any matter specially stated deamed pertinent. by himself or required by any of the so stated. NOTICE.—The persons interested in the above-mentioned suit are hereby notified that I have fixed on my office, No. 1103 Main street, Richmord; No. 20 the piace, and the 24 m of a Phill, 1826, at 10 A. Maras the time, for executing the require-

BUSINESS CARDS, W. S. M. AST LLOW

APPROPRIE PROPRIETA TERAL FRENCH WOVE SHIRT BOSOMS, warranted all linen, at 20c. worth

ZEAL FRENCH-WOVE CORSETS, 110 bose at \$1.15 worth \$2; ORSETS at \$1.50 worth \$2.50 a pair; CORSETS at 40, 50, 60, 75c., and \$1 a pair-a much below regular prices; Sargains in remnants of DRESS GOODS;

MERINO CLOAKS for infants at LEVY BROTHERS. WOBKED MUSLINS for curtains, very cheap.

NEW DRESS GOODS. BLACK SILKS in all qualities; COLORED SILKS in great variety ONGERS, PLAIDS, and STRIPES; DEBAGES, POPLINS, ALPACAS; PERCALES, CAMBRICS, and CALICOES, and other styles of DRESS GOODS-all at prices to

suit the times_at LEVY BROTHERS'. VORKED MUSLINS for curtains, very cheap.

RED CHECKED MATTING at 25c per yard;
WHITE MATTING at 25c. per yard;
OIL-CLOTHS, two yards wide, at 80c. per yard
worth \$1.25;
HEMP CABPET, yard wide, at 25c. per yard;

BRUSSELS CARPAT at \$1.10 and \$1.20 per Best INGRAIN CARPET at \$1 worth \$1.25 pe INGRAIN CARPET at 40, 50, 60, and 75c. pe yard; RUGS and MATS at all prices at LEVY BROTHERS. Bargains in NOTTINGHAM CURTAIN LACES mb 21

CORDED PIQUES. 29 inches wide. at 12%c. per yard worth 20c.; Wide VICTORIA LAWN at 16%c. per yard, would be cheap at 20c.; CHECK MUSLIN at 25c. per yard well worth WASH-POPLINS at 10, 12%, and 16%c, yer yard; CHEVIOT SHIRTING at 12%, 16%, 20, and 25c. per yard-all very cheap; DOMESTIC GINGHAMS, in great variety, at 10. 12%, and 15c per yard; Extra quality DARK PLAID PERCALES at 10c. worth 18c. per yard; BED-TICK, in all qualities, from 10 to 30c. per INFANTS' EMBROIDERED FROCK-WAISTS at 50, 75c. \$1,\$1.25; and up to \$3. INFANTS: EM RHOIDERED ROBES at \$2,\$2.50, \$3,\$3.50, \$4,\$5, and up to \$10; MARSEILLES TOILET MATS at 50, 60, and MARSEILLES TOILET MATS at 50, 60, and 75c. a set of six pieces; MARSEILLES BUREAU-COVERS; WHITE FLANNEL at 25c. worth 35c. per yard; LINEN CARRIAGE-ROBES at \$1.50 and up-

wards-all very cheap: SHETLAND SHAWLS at \$1.25 and up to \$6-the largest assortment ever offered; LINEN COLLARS and CUFFS for ladles and gen tlemen in great variety at low prices, at LEVY BROTHERS'.

A large stock of SPRING BRESS GOUDS.

mb 21

CELLULOID. CORAL JEWELRY.

HORN JEWELRY,
HORN JEWELRY,
INDIA RUBBER JEWELRY,
GOLD-PLATE JEWELRY,
GILT JEWELRY,
JET JEWELRY;
IVORY, JET, STEEL, PEARL, GOLD-PLATE,
and INDIA RUBBER SLEEVE-BUTTONS;
COLLAR-BUTTONS in great variety;
BRACELETS in Jet, Rubber, and Gold-Plate;
POCKET-BOOKS and PURSES;
TORTOINE-SHELL and PEARL CARD-CASES;
SATCHELS in all sizes, very cheap;
SCHOOL-BAGS a: 40 and 50 cents;
INTITAL NOTE-PAPER at 10 and 15 cents per

SCHOOL-BAGS at 40 and 50 cents;
INITIAL NOTE-PAPER at 10 and 15 cents per
box, worth 20 and 30 cents;
NOTE-PAPERS without initials at 15, 20, 25, 30,
35, and up to 50c, per box—all much below S5, and up to regular prices; regular prices; 300d NOTE-PAPER at \$1 per ream; sod NOTE-PAPER at \$1 per ream; LEVY BROTHERS. LEVY BROTHERS. mh 21 MOTTOES-a new assortment.

BLACK ALPACAS AND MOHAIRS TAMISE and AUSTRALIAN CREPE,
ENGLISH and FRENCH BOMBAZINE,
TAMISE and DELAINES,
CREPE and LOVE VEILS,
CREPE COLLARS and CUFFS,
MOURNING HANDKERCHIEFS,
BLACK RUFFLING,
BLACK CREPE in all qualities for Mourning
BLACK CREPE in all qualities for Mourning
WOODS, Call at LEVY BROTHERS.

KID GLOVES in great variety. CACHEMERE LACES, POINT-GAZE LACE, LACE TIES and SCARFS in great variety, HAMBURGH EDGINGS and INSERTINGS

extraordinary low prices; TABLE-CLOTHS and NAPKINS very cheap; COWELS from \$1.50 to \$15 per dezen; RICHARDSON'S IRISH LINENS retailed LEVY BROTHERS'.

\$1.25! \$1.25! \$1.25! \$1.25 \ \$1.25 \ will buy a CITY-MADE SHIRT, manufactured of Wamsutta Cotton and real Irish Linen. Having employed extra hands we can now surply all demands at very short notice.

A large assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

GROCERIES. &c.

TEW CROP GREEN TEA.-We are BROAD-STREET METHODIST EPISCOPAL now receiving our fourth importation of SUNPOWDER TEA, which was selected by Heasrs. Russell & Co., of shaughai, under specia orders as to quality, and is represented to be of the

holcest grades.
Imported direct from China via San Francisco
nd the Pacific railroad in forty-seven days.
Samples can be procured by the trade for examiation.
DAVENPORT & MORRIS.

B. COOKE & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION

NO 16 SOUTH FOURTEENTH STREET, BETWEEN MAIN AND CARY. have just received a fresh and well-selected stock

market prices-COFFEE, TEA, SUGAR, SYRUP MOLASSES, BACON, SALT, WINES, WHIS-KIES, BRANDIES, &c. mh 7-1m MITRON, BAISINS, ALMONDS, &c.

500 pounds SOFT-SHELL ALMONDS, 800 pounds PECAN NUTS, 200 pounds FILBERTS, 500 pounds PALMNUTS. 300 COCOANUTS, 250 boxes and drums FIGS, 5 boxes CITRON, LEMONS, and VIRGINIA HAMS, at

W.G. DANDBIDGE & CO.'S. 'S. 27 Broad street, AVENPORT & MORRIS, 17th street

offer for sale SALT, BACON, FLOUR, SALT, BACON, FLOUR,
COFFEE, TEA, SUGAR,
SYRUP, FISH, POWDER,
FRENCH BRANDY, ENGLISH PORTHE and ALI
and all leading articles of the GROCER'
TRADE.

HAMS.—THE "WESTPHALIA"

BRAND. Cured by the celebrated "Westphalia recipe, by John Taylor, of Trenton. The colchrated "PINEAPPLE" BRAND can mh 8-1m DAVENPORT & MORBIS.

DUSSIAN PORTER-great tonie-man-It ufactured at St. Petersburgh, and highly re nmended by physicians
ALKETHREPTA—homosopathic preparation fo yspepsia;
DRIED PEACHES (direct from Georgia);
TURKISH PRUNES—new supply just receive
[mb 1] CHRISTIAN & WHITE'S.

R. C. RITTER,

formerly of Harwood & Ritter,
having taken the old stand of P. August, No. 22
east Broad street, has opened a select
FAMILY GEOCERY,
where he will be pleased to see his friends and the
public generally. His stock will consist of
OHOIGE FAMILY GROCERIES,
TEAS, FINE LIQUORS,
BEANDIES, WIRES,
CHOICE CHEWING AND SMOKING
TOBACOO and OLGARS,
HAY, CORN, OATS,
MILL-FEED, LIME, &c., &c.
Having purchased his stock of goods for eash, will
offer great inducements to buyers, such as the hard
times demand. Call and give him a trial.
Highest CASH market prices paid for sometry

Highest CASH market prices paid for countr roduce of all kinds. de 28-3m PNGLISH PICKLES, MUSTARD, and L. SAUCE, receiving from steamship "Nova Scotian," direct from steems. Crosse & Blackwell Lenden. ENGLISH PICKLES, assorted, packed in quart nd pint jars.
E&GLISH DURHAM MUSTARD in poundam half-pound bottles.
ENGLISH SAUCE. "LEA & PERRINS'S WOR.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS,

CLOTHING. FOHN LATOUCHE, MERCHANT TAILOR NO. 4 TRATH STREET.

FINE IMPORTED GOODS CLOTHS, WORSTEDS, SUITINGS, TROUBERINGS VESTINGS. N. B. Prices to buit the times.

CODA-WATER APPARATUS for the

TET T. L. PRICE & CO. HAVE JUST eived a second supply of those beautiful CALI-Call and see them.

AND

SYCLE BROTHERS BAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED

THE ARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF DRESS GOODS EVER EXHIBITED IN THIS CITY BEFORE.

ARE NOW READY TO SHOW

Amongst these goods are all the latest styles of DRESS GOODS FOR SPRING WEAR.

and we call special attention to the following goods: which are admired by every one who sees them :

VICTORIA MOHAIRS, DUCHESS SUITING. POONAH PLAIDS. CAMBAY STYLES. LYONS SILK PLAIDS. TAUJORE STRATIS, PONGEE SILES, NAZABIN BROCADES. NAROLA PLAIDS, JORANDA PLAIDS, OSTAGA PLAIDS, CALAIS MIXTURES.

BOX-LOOM MIXTURES.

JACQUARD MIXTURES. and a great many other NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES. This is the largest stock of DRESS GOODS ever offered offered in this city before.

DON'T FAIL look at them before buying elsewhere. 2,000 yards of HAMBURGH EDGINGS and INSERTINGS at less than one half the

importers' price. We sell you a TWENTY-FIVE-CENT EDGE for We are receiving NEW GOODS by every steamer .

GREATER BARGAINS THAN EVER. SYCLE BROTHERS. No. 429 Broad street. between Fourth and Fifth.

MARDOZO, FOURQUREAN & CO. are now receiving their

to which they call especial attention, as it is by far the largest, handsomest, and cheapest they have ever before displayed.

SPRING GOODS,

They are now exhibiting a superb stock of BLACK SILKS

lower than ever before, ranging in prices from \$1 o \$5 per yard. Also, COLORED TRIMMING SILKS of every shade; COLORED DRESS SILKS in all the new shadesplain, checked, plaid, and striped; A large lot of that splendid BLACK ENGLISH

CRAPE, in short lengths, sold so cheap;

HAMBURGH EDGINGS, INSERTINGS, and

TRIMMINGS in endless variety; NOVELTIES in great variety: Something new in LACE GOODS for overskirts; Beautiful PRINTS and PERCALES from 5c. per

They have just opened a most attractive stock of ADIES' SUN-UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS. o which they ask an inspection before purchasing elsewhere. These goods are selected with great care, comprising advanced styles and trimmings, novel in design and elegant in finish, with beautiful handles, well assorted in WOOD, IVORY, PEARL, EBONY, and CORNELIAN, rendering the display of inusual interest to the pur-

NEW SPRING GOODS.

NEW STOCK COLORED AND BLACK DRESS GOODS. ECRU SHADE POPLINS. REVERSIBLE SHADED POPLINS.

Large line MOURNING GOODS and BLACE CENTENNIAL BLACK SILKS, best goods im-BLACK SILKS, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50 (jobs); COLORED BROCADE POPLINS, entirely new SILK and WOOL MOHAIRS, NECR-TIES, RIBBONS, COLLARS, &c.;

grand supply of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for gentlemen and boys. NEW GOODS every day. T. R. PRICE & CO.

EARLY SPRING. T. R. PRICE & CO. have just opened beautifu

LACE BOWS, beautiful ECRU SCARFS and LACES; also, a magnificent line of PARASOLS and SUN-SHADES. mh 15 3m NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

DRY GOODS AT PRICES NEVER DREAMED OF BEFORE.

Fifty thousand dollars' worth just opened at OUHEN BRUTHERS', among which are 40 pieces BLACK SILK GENNA! INES at 37%c., the former price having been 75c.;
1,160 vards ALL-WO')L LIONESE BLACK MOUSLAINES at 37%c., the lowest price of which is generally 65c.;
50 pieces BLACK ALPACA at 33c., the same heretofore sold at 45c; at 41c. compares exactly with the former 65c. goods: Silk Lustre (Bradford manufactory) at 50c., never sold before for less than 75 to 85c.

35 various styles of handsome PLAIDS (new designs) from 15 to 25c.
This stock of Dress Goods is almost full in all its variety for the coming season. variety for the coming season;
fust opened over \$5,000 worth of BLACK SILKS,
in Ltonese. Cashmere, and Satin Finish—the
handsomest goods ever offered in this city, and at such prices as will astonish everylody.

Also, the TAFFETA and MADIRIA SILKS, in
black, from 95c, to \$1.49-25c, a yard less than
they were ever sold before.

COLUMED SILKS, in new designs and shades,
much below market value.

at 75c.;

125 dozen WHITE and COLORED TWO-BUTTON KID GLOVES at 75c.
These gloves are the same archerally sold at \$1.25.

80 dozen FRENCH WOVE CORSETS at 40c.;
70 dozen FRENCH WOVE CORSETS at 50c.;
Also, about 150 dozen FINE CORSETS at about
one half their value.

mb 8 DO NOT FAIL TO BUY YOUR WHITE GOODS at COHEN BROTHERS' at a wing of at least fifty per cent. They are selling OORD PlQUE at 15c. worth 36c.; at 35c. cheap

much below market value.
70 dozen BLACK THREE-BUTTON KID
GLOVES at 75c.:
50 dozen BLACK TWO-BUTTON KID GLOVES

at 50c; NaiNSOOK CHECK MUSLIN at 16kc. All the finest grades at near half value. Also, BTRIPED at 20c. worth 40c; LACE STRIPE at 20c. worth fully 37kc; at 30c, reduced from 60c. ONE THOUSAND YARDS WHITE WHITE CAMBRIC at Sc. worth fully, 49c.; WHITE CAMBRIC at Sc. worth 12kc; at 19c. (yard wide): FRENCH NAINSOURS and CAMBRICS at 90 and 28c. folly worth from 49 to 60c.; 8,460 yards HAMBURGH EDGING at 68; 847 10, and 18kc. the largest assertment and cheapest ever offered in this city. Thousands of other goods at half value at COHEN SEOTHERS.

OLEUM MORRHUAL MEDICINALLY PURE OUD LIVER ON, RICHMOND, YA. THE BEST, PUREST, AND MOST ACCEPTA

This COD-LIVER OIL we import staget, and claim that it is superior to any other safe in this market, because it is superior to any other safe in this market, because its is superior by our primariest at the fisheries, and made only from Fisher. He's and Ficksh Livers, it has never been likesed or expressed, and thus deprived of its most valuable therapentic preparties, nor expected to stheir house changes, which render other also remaid and timpsicatable. It has never been minuted or additional with inferior and classparelis to reduce the soot at a sacrifice of inequality, nor handled by any other parties than the subsymba and ourselves.

We have the testimony of physicians who greateribe it, and of patients who have safen it, that it is more acceptable to the stomach and more easily as imilated than any other oil.

sgribe it, and of patients who have sagen it that it is more acceptable to the stomach and more easily as imilated than any other oil.

We guarantee it to be entrely pare and fresh, free from rancidity, and fully possessing all of the wonderful remedial properties claimed for the BEST CUB-LIVER OIL.

Importing and Dispensing Pharmaches, min 11. 919 Main street, Richmons, Va. gi of southing PANCEAL his bits

Z. W. PICKBELL Producht. Deposits of one dollar and upwards we six per cent. allowed on deposits.

The state of the s

CITIZENS BANK OF RICHMOND.

BUCHANGE AGENTS, 1014 MAIN STREET,
EICHMOND, VA., REDFESSENTING THE
NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY, of London and Edisburgh. Capital, \$10,009,000 gold;
AMAZON INSURANCE COMPANY, of Cincis-AMAZON INSUKANCE COMPANY, of Chicknati, Ohio-assets over \$1,000,000;

MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York—assets over \$800,000;

ATLANTIC INBURANCE COMPANY, of
Brooklyn, N. Y.—assets over \$500,000.

PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY, of Brooklyn, N. Y.—assets over \$2.500,000.

PORTSMOUTH INBURANCE COMPANY, of
Portsmouth Va.—assets over \$500,000.

Portsmouth, Vs.—assets over \$50. Deposited with the Treasurer of 1901 Losses equitably adjusted and at this agency. Applications solicited, and immediate attention given thereto. TOHN H. CLAIBORNE, No. 1108 Main

MOUNTAINE COMPANY

IVERPOOL AND LONDON AND

SLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE ASSETS OF THIS COMPANY WERE

INCREASED BY THE BUSINESS

OF 1875

\$1,685,051.48,

OT THUCKA WOR GRA

828 425,160,92

THIS COMPANY HAS PAID FOR FIRE

LOSSES DURING THE PAST FORTY

\$49,441,445.35, GOLD.

UPWARDS OF THREE MILLIONS OF

are held by trustees in the United States for the

EXCLUSIVE SECURITY OF AMERICAT

and the funds so held-as certified by the Insurance

EXCEED ALL LIABILITIES OF THIS

including the reinsurance fund required by law, by

the sum of

NEW YORK OFFICE.

45 WILLIAM STREET.

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ALEXANDER HAMILTON,

ANSON PHELPS STOKES.

CHARLES H. MARSHALL.

CHAS SEWALL, Second Assistant Secretary,

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CHARLES T. DAVIS.

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R. L. BROWN.

ABCHER ANDERSON, Chairman;

DAVENPORT & CO.,

General Agents

J. E. PULSFORD, Resident Secretary;

ARTHUR PELL, Assistant Secretary;

W. F. CARY, JR., Deputy Chairman;

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POLICY-HOLDERS.

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BRANCH,

street, Bichmond, Va., agent MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Niew York. Cash assets over \$75,000,000. Cash dividends surpasing all others at first and every anniversary of poli-cles. Premiums payable annually, semi-annually, and quarterly. The closest, largest, and chepes company in the United States. ja 7-3 m TOHN H. CLAIBORNE & CO.,

GENERAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS, 1108 MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, VA. Representing the .. \$25,000,000

VARIETY STORE.

505 BROAD STREET,

15 dozen BOYS' HATS-just what

100 HOBBY-HORSES

wanted for a week;

than those before!

All to be sold for MINETY-NIME CENTS

PAPER WAREHOUSE. PAPER AND STATIONERS WARE HOUSE, No. 6 GOVERNOR STREET.

GIORGE W. GARY

care to in form his customers and the public that he has ope ned at the above-named place a fall line of PAPE B of all since and descriptions, which he is prepared to farnish in quantities to the train at prices the st will dery competition.

ENVER OPER-all sizes, chades, and qualified cheeper than elsewhere to be found.

CARF S. CARD-BOARDS, and PRINTERS. BEAN KB-s full supply, and marked down. Bein man's to printers and all in want. O PATRONERY and and fresh stock on hast as ud to arrive. All the noveities in this line will be ceinstantly kept. WEDDING and INVITATION CARDS of the

lalest styles, printed or exgraved at short no and friends.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING done (250265 W. GART, Stationer and Printer,

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